### MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

# INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

NAME				
HISTORIC	ROSS HOUSE			
AND/OR COMMON	ROSS HOUSE (105 Council Street)			
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER	105 & 105A Coun	cil Street (Court S	quare)	
CITY, TOWN	Frederick	VICINITY OF	CONGRESSIONAL DISTRI	СТ
STATE	Maryland		COUNTY Frederick	
CLASSIFICA	ATION			
CATEGORY DISTRICT  XBUILDING(S) STRUCTURE	OWNERSHIPPUBLIC X_PRIVATEBOTH	STATUS  _XOCCUPIED  _UNOCCUPIED  _WORK IN PROGRESS	PRESEAGRICULTURECOMMERCIALEDUCATIONAL	ENT USE MUSEUM PARK  _XPRIVATE RESIDENC
SITEOBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION  _IN PROCESS  _BEING CONSIDERED	ACCESSIBLE  _YES: RESTRICTED  _YES: UNRESTRICTED  _XNO	ENTERTAINMENTGOVERNMENTINDUSTRIALMILITARY	RELIGIOUSSCIENTIFICTRANSPORTATIONOTHER:
OWNER OF	PROPERTY			
NAME	Telephone #:			
STREET & NUMBER				
	VICINITY OF		STATE, Zip code	
CITY, TOWN		VICINITY OF		
	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION L	iber #:	
		IPTION L	iber #: olîo #:	
LOCATION COURTHOUSE.		IPTION L	**	
LOCATION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	Frederick Count	IPTION L y Courthouse	**	
LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,E STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN	Frederick Count	IPTION I y Courthouse  land	olio #:	
LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,E STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN	N. Court Street Frederick, Mary	IPTION I y Courthouse  land	olio #:	
LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN REPRESEN	N. Court Street Frederick, Mary	IPTION  y Courthouse  land  ING SURVEYS	olio #:	
LOCATION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E STREET & NUMBER CITY. TOWN REPRESEN TITLE	N. Court Street Frederick, Mary	IPTION  y Courthouse  land  ING SURVEYS	olio #:	



\_EXCELLENT

FHD-702

CONDITION

\_\_DETERIORATED

X\_GOOD \_\_RUINS

\_\_FAIR \_\_UNEXPOSED

**CHECK ONE** 

\_UNALTERED

CHECK ONE

XORIGINAL SITE

\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

This is a 3-1/2 story, Flemish bond brick house with 2-1/2 story brick wing on the west side of the house. The doorway is Federal with elliptical, recessed fanlight and sidelights of leaded glass. Windows are 6/6 lights and wooden shutters. Shingled "A" framed roof on the main house and wing changed in 1928 to tin roofs. There are three pedimented dormers on the main house and two on the wing. There is a full basement under the entire house. The building rests on a high foundation of stuccoed blue fieldstone. Front steps and window sills are marble. The cast iron fence, gate, and rails for the steps were made at the McPherson and Brien Iron Works at Catoctin Furnace, Maryland. Also, the iron firebacks were made there for the fifteen fireplaces in the There are two, six flue flush gable chimneys, one on each side of the gable roof of the main house. There is one four flue chimney on the wing and one connects with built in iron kettle in the basement. Cornices are box plain. In the rear of the house and wing is a seven foot brick wall on each side of the yard and connects to slave quarters on the west and a smoke house on the east. Across the entire rear property are stables and a carriage house. The old ice house is in the center of the yard. These dependencies are termed Colonial-domestic architecture.

There is one room on the first floor of the main house and one room above that off landing added about 1891. The porch on the front of the wing and back, second floor of the main house was added about 1912. The main house was separated from the wing in 1960, and exterior change in the rear of the wing shows addition for a kitchen to the main house with aluminum siding. The first floor back porch of the main house was added in 1965 and enlarged in 1968.

The main house has a central hall with open well stairway, two flights and two runs for each floor. There are six inch risers and ornamental brackets with spiral newel post. There is an archway in the middle of the central hall with ten inch fluted columns. There are six panel doors and symmetrically moulded trim with corner blocks on the main house. The wing has plain trim doors. Two rooms on the east wall of the hall, first floor, have oval paneling under the windows and over the doors like Baltimore Room American Wing, Metropolitan Museum, N.Y. The window frames on the first and second floor of the main house are like doors, all having paneling to the floor and inside shutters of wood. A plastered design is noted on the first floor ceilings of the main house. The stair rail is San Domingo mahagony with mahagony posts.

#### SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
—PREHISTORIC —1400-1499 —1500-1599 —1600-1699 —1700-1799 —1800-1899 —1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC  ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC  AGRICULTURE  XARCHITECTURE  ART  COMMERCE  COMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY) Historic
SPECIFIC DAT	ES	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT	

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

In 1814, the Levy Court gave permission to sell property by the Legislature. It was sold at public auction in 1815 and purchased by Col. John McPherson. The Deed was recorded in 1817. The architect was Andrew McCleery of Frederick, Maryland.

General LaFayette was hosted by Col. John McPherson in December 29, 1824 as evidenced by Fredericktown Herald on January 1, 1825. There is a microfilm of the paper in the C.B.Artz Library, Frederick. A reception was given for LaFayette on December 30, 1824 in the John McPherson home. The room over the back parlor has been known as the room where General LaFayette used while in the home.

At the death of Col. McPherson, the property was left to John McPherson, Jr., who sold it to Mrs. Eleanor Murdock Potts, widow of Judge Richard Potts, U.S. Senator, Chief Justice of the Fifth Judicial District, Judge of the Washington Supreme Court, and U.S. District Attorney for the District of Maryland. Mrs. Potts was a first cousin to Francis Scott Key who was a frequent visitor to the home. On October 22, 1840, Francis Scott Key wrote a poem "To Mrs. Eleanor Potts, for many years afflicted with blindness on hearing her play the guitar." Mrs. Potts died in 1842 and her daughter, Harriet, wife of Judge Richard Marshall, inherited the property. Judge Marshall was the son of Dr. Thomas Marshall, neighbor and friend of George Washington. Judge Marshall's law office was in the wing of the house. Mrs. Marshall died in 1867 and her daughter, Ann Potts Marshall, who was living in the home, inherited the property. Miss Marshall died in 1890. The home was then willed to her first cousin, Mrs. Charles Worthington Ross. She was the granddaughter of Mrs. Eleanor Potts. Mr. Ross used the wing as his law office. Mrs. Ross died in 1927. The home was then purchased by Mrs. Charles Worthington Ross, Jr. who died in 1963. The home has been in the Ross family since 1835.

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHE	EET IF NECESSARY
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA  ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
Commence Commence	
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES	S FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	COUNTY
STATE	COUNTY
11 FORM PREPARED BY  NAME / TITLE  Mr. and Mrs. Charl	on M. Bong, III
ORGANIZATION	DATE
Landmarks Foundati	on JUNE 1973
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Frederick, Marylan	d

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438